

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

EPIKURETM Curing Agent MGS LH 234

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : EPIKURE™ Curing Agent MGS LH 234

SDS Number : 16S-00036

Product type : Curing Agent

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Epoxy Resin Systems

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier/Impor : Suter Kunststoffe AG

ter Aefligenstrasse 3

3312 Fraubrunnen

Schweiz

Contact person : info@swiss-composite.ch

Telephone : Allgemeine Informationen

+41 (0)31 763 60 60

1.4

Emergency telephone number : Tox Info Suisse

Supplier : Im Notfall: Tel. 145 (aus dem Ausland: +41 44 251 51 51)

Telephone number Auskunft: +41 44 251 66 66

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B H314 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1 H318 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Repr. 1B H360F Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

Avoid release to the environment.

Response : IF INHALED:

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

IF SWALLOWED:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting. **IF ON SKIN (or hair):**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

IF IN EYES:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: Poly(oxypropylene) diamine

trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine m-phenylenebis(methylamine)

bisphenol A

Supplemental label elements • Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	— Туре
m- phenylenebis(methylamine)	RRN: 01- 2119480150-50 EC:216-032-5 CAS: 1477-55-0 Index:	>=25 - <=50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1][2]
benzyl alcohol	RRN: 01- 2119492630-38- XXXX EC:202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index:603-057- 00-5	>=10 - <=25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
bisphenol A	RRN: 01- 2119457856-23 EC:201-245-8 CAS: 80-05-7 Index:604-030- 00-0	>=10 - <20	Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1][2]
Poly(oxypropylene) diamine	RRN: 01- 2119557899-12- XXXX EC:618-561-0 CAS: 9046-10-0 Index:	>=5 - <=10	Skin Corr./Irrit. 1C, H314 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	EC:247-134-8 CAS: 25620-58- 0 Index:	>=5 - <=10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1C, H314 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician.

Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an

open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without Protection of first aid personnel

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eve contact Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact

Harmful if swallowed. **Ingestion**

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

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Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
- **6.4** Reference to other sections
- See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

2 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory

Advice on general occupational hygiene

hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available **Industrial sector specific** : Not available

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SUVA (1997-01-01) FWA 0,1 mg/m3 Notes: Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer
Notes: Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer
EU OEL (2009-12-19)
rwa - TLV and PEL 10 mg/m3 Form: inhalable dust
SUVA (2005-02-01)
STEL 5 mg/m3 The Short -Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is the value
hat must not be exceeded even for a short period of time Form:
Inhalable fraction
Notes: Skin sensitizer
TWA 5 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Notes: Skin sensitizer

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents)

European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredie nt name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
bisphenol A	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1,4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1,4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0,7 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5,0 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Short term Oral	0,05 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0,7 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0,25 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,05 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
bisphenol A	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	General	Local
bisphenol A	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	General	Local

DNEL/DMEL Summary

: Not available

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
bisphenol A	PNEC	Fresh water	0,018 mg/l	
bisphenol A	PNEC	Marine	0,016 mg/l	
bisphenol A	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	320 mg/l	
bisphenol A	PNEC	Sediment	2,2 mg/kg	
bisphenol A	PNEC	Soil	3,7 mg/kg	

PNEC Summary

: Not available

Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) and Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's)

Explanatory note:

REACH requires manufacturers and importers to establish and report 'Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) for humans by inhalation, ingestion and dermal routes of exposure and 'Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's) for environmental exposure. DNEL's and PNEC's are established by the registrant without an official consultation process, and are not intended to be directly used for setting workplace or general population exposure limits. They are primarily used as input values in running Quantitative Risk Assessment models (like the ECETOC-TRA model).

Due to differences in calculation methodology the DNEL will tend to be lower (sometimes significantly) than any corresponding health-based OEL for that chemical substance. Further although DNEL's (and PNEC's) are

an indication for setting risk reduction measures, it should be recognized that these limits do not have the same regulatory application as officially endorsed governmental OEL's.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Material: 730 Camatril

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Material: 898 Butoject

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Producer: This recommendation is valid only for our Product as delivered. If this product will be mixed with other substances you need to contact a supplier of CE approved protective gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Tel. 0049 (0) 6659 87300, Fax.

0049 (0) 6659 87155, email: vertrieb@kcl.de).

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure

Environmental exposure controls

proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of

checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of

environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: LiquidColor: slight blue

Odor : amine.

Odor threshold:Not available (not measured)pH:Not available (not measured)Melting point/freezing point:Not available (not measured)Initial boiling point and boiling:Greater than 200 °C

range

Flash point : Greater than 100 °C

Evaporation rate : Not available (not measured)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower: Not available (not measured) **Upper:** Not available (not measured)

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

Relative density

Density

Not available (not measured)

Not available (not measured)

Not available (not measured)

Approx. 1,030 g/cm3

Solubility(ies) : Not available (not measured)

Solubility in water : Insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available (not measured)

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available (not measured)Decomposition temperature: Not available (not measured)

Viscosity : **Dynamic:** Approx. 150 - 300 mPa·s @ 25 °C (ISO 9371)

Kinematic: Not available (not measured)

Explosive properties : Not available (not measured) **Oxidizing properties** : Not available (not measured)

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Poly(oxypropylene) diamine	2			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.885 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.980 mg/kg	-
trimethylhexane-1,6-diamin	e			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	910 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.230 mg/kg	-
	LC50	Rat	> 4,178 mg/l	4 h
	Inhalation			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.000 mg/kg	-
bisphenol A				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.250 mg/kg	-
Remarks - Oral:	The LD50 was >	2000 mg/kg with le	thargy the main clinic	cal sign during day one.
Remarks - Inhalation:	In rats no mortali	ties at 170 mg/m3,	the highest attainable	concentration. Limited
	evidence of nasal	irritation.	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.000 mg/kg	-
Remarks - Dermal:	The estimated de	rmal LD50 in the ra	bbit was approximate	ly 3000 mg/kg.
m-phenylenebis(methylamir	ne)			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
	LC50	Rat	3,89 mg/l	1 h
	Inhalation			
	LC50	Rat	2,4 mg/l	4 h
	Inhalation			
	LC50	Rat - Female	0,8 mg/l	4 h
	Inhalation			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Poly(oxypropylene) diamine	eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit			-
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
bisphenol A	Skin - Erythema/Eschar 404 Acute Dermal	Rabbit	0	4 hrs	1 - 72 hrs

	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Skin - Edema 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0	4 hrs	1 - 72 hrs
	eyes - Cornea opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	1		-
	eyes - Iris lesion 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	1		-
	eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	1		-
	eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	1 - 2		-
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not availableeyes:Not availableRespiratory:Not available

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
bisphenol A	Skin	-	-		
_					
Remarks:	Not a skin sensitizer in the Mouse local lymph node assay and the guinea pig				
	Maximization test.				

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not availableRespiratory: Not available

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
bisphenol A	-	; -	-
Remarks:	Does not cause gene mutation or mammalian cells in vitro.Does no chromosome damage in rodents. adduct spots in rat liver following The significance of these DNA ad	ot induce evidence of Bisphenol A is capa g oral administration	of gene mutation or able of producing DNA and 32p post-labeling.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
bisphenol A		-			
Remarks:	There are no human epidemiological data contributing to the assessment of				
	whether or not BPA is carcinogenic. But a dietary carcinogenicity study				
	conducted by the U. S. National Toxicology Program in rats and mice				

concluded that BPA was not carcinogenic in either species because the tumor findings were not considered toxicologically significant. No inhalation or dermal carcinogenicity studies are available for BPA.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
bisphenol A	-	1	-	-	-	-
Remarks:	generation and and a two-gene same dose leve reproductive fi	multi-gener ration study I and it is co ndings were t finding am	lity and reproductive ation oral studies in t in mice. Effects were ensidered that the NO made a parentarily to ong these studies was els.	he rat and ar e seen in bot AEL is 50 m oxic dose lev	n oral continuou h species at app ng/kg/day. Gendrels in these dos	ns breeding study proximately the erally, adverse se-feed studies. The

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species Dose		Exposure
bisphenol A		-	-	-
Remarks:	even at materna effects manifest	•	in the feed. A	1 1 .

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bisphenol A	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 2		central nervous system
	Category 3		(CNS)
			Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

Aspiration hazard

Not available

Information on likely routes of

Not available

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering

EPIKURETM Curing Agent MGS LH 234

redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Ingestion**

> stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available Potential delayed effects Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary Not available

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when General

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects**

Fertility effects May damage fertility.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
benzyl alcohol			
	Acute LC50 10.000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
bisphenol A			
	Acute LC50 4,6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute No-observable-effect- concentration 0,016 mg/l Fresh water Chronic ecotoxicity	Fish - Fathead minnow	444 d
	Acute EC50 1 - 16 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute No-observable-effect- concentration 1,8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h

	96 h	
ninnow	444 d	

Acute EC50 2,73 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants -	96 h
	Microalgae	
Chronic No-observable-effect-	Fish - Fathead minnow	444 d
concentration 0,016 mg/l Fresh water		
Chronic No-observable-effect-	Aquatic invertebrates.	-
concentration 1,8 mg/l Fresh water	Water flea	

Conclusion/Summary Not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
name				
bisphenol A		=		
Remarks:	Manometric Respi biodegradation rea consumption and 7 across a number of	found to be readily block rometry test. In the test ched 77.1 to 92.3% at 76 to 81% of theoretical f tests using international der stringent test conditions.	t conducted at 22 °C the end of the 10-dal CO2 formation by nal test guidelines for	C, the extent of ay window based on O2 day 28. Generally, or measuring aerobic

Not available Conclusion/Summary

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Poly(oxypropylene) diamine	1,34	•	low
benzyl alcohol	1,1	-	low
bisphenol A	3,4	73	low
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	0,18	2,69	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available

Not available **Mobility**

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT P: Not available

B: Not available T: Not available

vPvB vP: Not available

vB: Not available

12.6 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Regulatory information	14.1. UN number	14.2. UN proper shipping name	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	14.4. Packing group
ADR/ADN	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (m-XYLILENEDIAMINE)	8	П
RID	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (m-XYLILENEDIAMINE)	8	П
ICAO/IATA	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (m-XYLILENEDIAMINE)	8	П
IMO/IMDG	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (m-XYLILENEDIAMINE)	8	II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous and/or Marine Pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

No.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Substances of very high concern

Carcinogen: Not listed Mutagen: Not listed

Toxic to reproduction: Not listed

PBT: Not listed vPvB: Not listed

Other EU regulations

REACH Status The substance(s) in this product has (have) been Pre-Registered

and/or Registered, or are exempted from registration, according to

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

Aerosol dispensers Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures

and articles

EU - Prior Informed Consent.

List of chemicals subject to the international PIC procedure

(Annex I - Part 1)

EU - Prior Informed Consent. List of chemicals subject to the international PIC procedure

(Annex I - Part 2)

EU - Prior Informed Consent. List of chemicals subject to the international PIC procedure

(Annex I - Part 3)

Restricted to professional users.

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Product/ingredie nt name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
bisphenol A	-	-	-	-

<u>Seveso Directive</u>
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC) All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN) All components are listed or exempted.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals Not listedNot listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals Not listedNot listed

on

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302 (oral)	Calculation method
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360F (Fertility)	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

r	
H302 (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and
	eye damage.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and
	eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin
	reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 (inhalation)	Harmful if inhaled.
Н335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H360F (Fertility)	May damage fertility.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long
	lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long
	lasting effects.
H302 (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 (inhalation)	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H360F (Fertility)	May damage fertility.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

	lasting effects.
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) -
	Category 4
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 1B
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1C, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 1C
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION -
	Category 1
Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE
T. D. W. A. 17240	IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE
AA T 4 H222	IRRITATION - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)
Acute Tox. 4, H332	` '
STOT SE 3, H335	- Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN
S101 SE 3, H335	TOXICITY - SINGLE
	EXPOSURE - Category 3
Repr. 1B, H360F (Fertility)	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY
Kepi. 15, 113001 (Pertinty)	(Fertility) - Category 1B
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
•	TERM) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) -
	Category 4
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 1B
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1C, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
g	Category 1C
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION -
E D // 1 H210	Category 1
Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE
Erro Done /Lunit 2 H210	IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	
Acute Tox. 4, H332	IRRITATION - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)
Acute 10x. 4, H332	- Category 4
	- Category 4

STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN
	TOXICITY - SINGLE
	EXPOSURE - Category 3
Repr. 1B, H360F (Fertility)	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY
	(Fertility) - Category 1B
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
	TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
	TERM) - Category 3

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