

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: SR 735 ISOBOND PART B

Product code : 1696. Hardener for epoxy resin

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Hardener

Uses advised against: data not available

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : Suter Kunststoffe AG Address : Aefligenstrasse 3, CH-3312 Fraubrunnen

Telephone: +41 (0)31 763 60 60 Fax: +41 (0)31 763 60 61

e-mail: info@swiss-composite.ch

Site web: https://www.swiss-composite.ch

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number : .

Association/Organisation: ToxInfo Suisse, Tel. 145, International +41 (0)44 251 51 51

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin corrosion, Category 1B (Skin Corr. 1B, H314).

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

# 2.2. Label elements

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:





GHS05

GHS07

Signal Word : DANGER

Product identifiers :

EC 614-706-7 2-PROPENENITRILE, POLYMER WITH 1,3-BUTADIENE,

 $1\hbox{-CYANO-1-METHYL-4-OXO-4-} \hbox{\small [[2-(1-PIPERAZINYL)ETHYL]AMINO]} BUTYL-TERMINATED$ 

EC 203-950-6 AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION

EC 216-032-5 META XYLENEDIAMINE

Hazard statements :

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements - General :

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

[or shower].

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Precautionary statements - Storage :

P405 Store locked up.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European

CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

### Composition:

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 68683-29-4	GHS07		10 <= x % < 25
EC: 614-706-7	Wng		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
2-PROPENENITRILE, POLYMER WITH	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
1,3-BUTADIENE,			
1-CYANO-1-METHYL-4-OXO-4-[[2-(1			
-PIPERAZINYL)ETHYL]AMINO]BUTYL-			
TERMINATED			
CAS: 90640-67-8	GHS07, GHS05		10 <= x % < 25
EC: 203-950-6	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119487919-13-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-,	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
	, ·		
CAS: 1477-55-0	GHS07, GHS05	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 216-032-5	Dgr	' '	
REACH: 01-2119480150-50-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
META XYLENEDIAMINE	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
CAS: 69-72-7	GHS07, GHS05		2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 200-712-3	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119486984-17-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
SALICYLIC ACID			
CAS: 15520-10-2	GHS07, GHS05		1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 239-556-6	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119976310-41-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE	Skin Corr. 1A, H314		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

Information on ingredients:

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### In the event of exposure by inhalation:

If inhaled, move the patient to fresh air and keep warm and rest.

Consult a doctor.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if the victim is. Continue to rinse. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Remove any soiled or splashed clothing immediately.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

### In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Signs of Overexposure:

Skin: Symptoms may include: Irritation, redness.

Eyes: Symptoms may include: pain or irritation, tearing, redness.

Ingestion: stomach pain.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Information for the doctor:

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to remain under medical supervision for 48 hours.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist

# Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water iet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- nitrogen oxide (NO)
- nitrogen dioxide (NO2)

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighters should wear suitable protective clothing and a respirator mask with self- full operated in positive pressure mode.

Wear conform with the European standard EN 469.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Neutralise with an acidic decontaminant.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

#### Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

### Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

# Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

## Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well ventilated area away from heat sources.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry place.

Store away from heat and cold.

# **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use: adhesives

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits :

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
1477-55-0			0,1 mg/m3	Skin		
- France (INRS	S - ED984 :2016) :					
CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
1477-55-0	-	-	-	0.1	-	-

# Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

**Final use:**Exposure method:

Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

1.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 0.25 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.75 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.75 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.125 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.25 mg of substance/m3

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION (CAS: 90640-67-8)

**Final use:**Exposure method:

Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.57 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.001 mg of substance/l

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.25 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.00029 mg of substance/l

# Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 1.27 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.42 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.042 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.42 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 7.58 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.758 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 1250 mg/l

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION (CAS: 90640-67-8)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 19.1 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water.

PNEC: 0.19 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.038 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 95.5 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 19.2 mg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Use only with adequate ventilation or provided with ventilation at the source.

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

# - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

## - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact. Wear suitable protective clothing and, in particular, an apron and boots. These items of clothing shall be maintained in good condition and

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

## - Respiratory protection

cleaned after use.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

Mask with filter type A, B, E, K, P

Attention! If the protection group is insufficient.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### General information:

Physical state :	Viscous liquid.
Color:	blue

# Important health, safety and environmental information

pH:	Not stated.
	Slightly basic.
Boiling point/boiling range :	> 200 °C
Flash Point Interval :	FP > 100°C.
Vapour pressure (50°C):	Not relevant.
Density:	1.10 ± 0.05 @ 20 °C
Water solubility:	Soluble.
Melting point/melting range :	Not relevant.
Self-ignition temperature :	Not relevant.
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not relevant.

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No data available.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- strong oxidising agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- nitrogen oxide (NO)
- nitrogen dioxide (NO2)

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis, following exposure between three minutes and one hour.

Corrosive reactions are typified by ulcers, bleeding, bloody scabs, and, by the end of observation at 14 days, by discolouration due to blanching of the skin, complete areas of alopecia, and scars.

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

# 11.1.1. Substances

## Acute toxicity:

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Oral route: LD50 = 1170 mg/kg

Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 1870 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 4.9 mg/l

Species: Rat

Duration of exposure: 4 h

SALICYLIC ACID (CAS: 69-72-7)

Oral route : LD50 = 891 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 > 0.9 mg/l

Species: Rat

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Oral route : LD50 = 930 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route: LD50 = 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 2.4 mg/l

Species : Rat

Duration of exposure: 4 h

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION (CAS: 90640-67-8)

Oral route: LD50 > 300 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 1000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Corrosivity: Causes severe skin burns.

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION (CAS: 90640-67-8)

Corrosivity: Causes severe skin burns.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

SALICYLIC ACID (CAS: 69-72-7)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

11.1.2. Mixture

Acute toxicity :

Estimate (ATE value)

Oral route : No observed effect.

LD50 = 4524.2 mg/kg

Dermal route : No observed effect.

LD50 = 9539.4 mg/kg

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist): No effect.

Duration of exposure : 1 h LC50 = 122.1 mg/l

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1. Toxicity

## 12.1.1. Substances

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION (CAS: 90640-67-8)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 100 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 10 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 10 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 72 h

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1825 mg/l

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 19.8 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

NOEC = 4.16 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 100 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

SALICYLIC ACID (CAS: 69-72-7)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1380 mg/l

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h

Other guideline

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 230 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 24 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC = 10 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 100 mg/l

Species : Desmodesmus subspicatus

Duration of exposure: 72 h

# 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# 12.2.1. Substances

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

SALICYLIC ACID (CAS: 69-72-7)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION (CAS: 90640-67-8)

Biodegradability: Non-rapidly degradable.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

# 12.3.1. Substances

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Bioaccumulation: BCF = 0.43

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe <= 1

SALICYLIC ACID (CAS: 69-72-7)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 2.25

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# Codes of wastes (Decision 2014/955/EC, Directive 2008/98/EEC on hazardous waste):

07 01 08 \* other still bottoms and reaction residues

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

### 14.1. UN number

2735

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN2735=AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(2-propenentirile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino]butyl-terminated, amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction)

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



8

# 14.4. Packing group

Ш

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

17.0. 0	14.0. Opecial precautions for user									
ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel

# SAFETY DATA SHEET (REGULATION (EC) n° 1907/2006 - REACH)

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	8	C7	II	8	80	1 L	274	E2	2	
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	8	-	II	1 L	F-A,S-B	274	E2			
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	8	-	II	851	1 L	855	30 L	A3 A803	E2	
	8	-	II	Y840	0.5 L	-	-	A3 A803	E2	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/669 (ATP 11)

#### - Container information:

Packaging to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3). Containers to be fitted with a tactile warning of danger (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

## - Particular provisions :

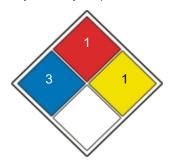
No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws) :

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704) :

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=3 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

## Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Abbreviations:

**DNEL**: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS05: Corrosion

GHS07: Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.